The Fournal of FINANCE The Journal of THE AMERICAN FINANCE ASSOCIATION Betail Financial Innovation and Stock Market Call Financial Innovation and Stock Marker Dynamics: The Case of Target Date Funds THE JOURNAL OF FINANCE . VOL. LXXVIII, NO. 5 . OCTOBER 2023 JONATHAN A. PARKER, ANTOINETTE SCHOAR, and YANG SUN Target date funds (TDFs) are designed to provide unsophisticated or if asset classes like designed to provide unsophisticated or if asset classes like asset asset classes if a different asset classes is a different asset as a different as a diffe Parget date funds (TDFs) are designed to provide unsophisticated or it bonds. The rise of TDFs has moved a significant share of retirement. investors with age-appropriate exposures to different asset classes like bonds. The rise of TDFs has moved a significant share of retirenced stock bonds. The rise of TDFs has that sell stocks after relatively good stock macrocontrarian strategies that sell stocks after relatively and stocks onds. The rise of TDFs has noved a significant share of retirement. and the rise of TDFs has noved a significant share of retirement in the states of the sell stocks after relatively equity mut macrocontrarian stratesies drives contrarian flows across equity mut marce. This rebalancing drives contrarian flows across equity is a sell stock of the second states of t nacrocontrarian strategies that sell stocks after relatively good stock mance. This rebalancing drives contrarian flows stock returns for st mance. This rebalancing their funding, and reduces stock returns for st TDFs. stabilizing their funding. mance. This rebalancing drives contrarian flows across equity mut interest and reduces stock returns are relation TDFs, stabilizing their funding, and reduces returns are relation TDFs, stabilizing these funds when stock market returns are relation ately held by these funds when stock market returns are relation to the stabilizer funds when stock market returns are relation at the stock market market market returns are relation at the stock market mar DFs, stabilizing their funding, and reduces stock returns for st ately held by these funds when stock market returns are relation ately held in these funds when stock market returns a more arowth in the and similar investment products and a more Itely held by these funds when stock market returns are relations and similar investment products near a second a second and similar investment products a second a s rowth in TUP's and similar investment products may damper and increase the transmission of shocks across asset classes NST TWO DECADES, one of the r

# 2024 TIAA Paul A. Samuelson Award

For Outstanding Scholarly Writing on Lifelong Financial Security

**CTIAA** Institute

### About the TIAA Paul A. Samuelson Award

Named in honor of the Nobel Prize winner and former CREF trustee, the Paul A. Samuelson Award is presented annually by the TIAA Institute to recognize an outstanding research publication designed to increase Americans' lifelong financial well-being. Winners are chosen by an independent panel of judges—consisting of Institute Fellows and previous award recipients— and receive a \$10,000 cash prize.

### About the TIAA Institute

The TIAA Institute helps advance the ways individuals and institutions plan for financial security and organizational effectiveness. The Institute conducts in-depth research, provides access to a network of thought leaders, and enables those it serves to anticipate trends, plan future strategies and maximize opportunities for success. To learn more about our work and engage with our community of thought leaders, visit **tiaainstitute.org** and follow us on X at **@TIAAInstitute**.





## 2024 winning submission

## "Retail Financial Innovation and Stock Market Dynamics: The Case of Target Date Funds"

(The Journal of Finance, Vol. LXXVIII, No. 5, October 2023)

Jonathan A. Parker Massachusetts Institute of Technology Antoinette Schoar Massachusetts Institute of Technology Yang Sun Brandeis University

To maintain the target share of their portfolio in stocks, Target Date Funds (TDFs) employ a macro-contrarian strategy—selling stocks when the market does well, and buying when it does poorly. This paper shows that TDF trading activity helps stabilizes stock prices and may dampen overall market volatility.

"The past two decades have seen a dramatic rise in TDF holdings within retirement plans. While earlier research has focused on benefits to individual investors, the authors advance the literature by analyzing TDFs' effects on asset markets. The results are relevant for academics, practitioners and policymakers alike," said Jonathan Reuter, one of the judges.

"The Samuelson Award is a particular honor for us, given our MIT ties. This recognition highlights both the real-world impact of academic work on optimal portfolios, like Samuelson (1969), and the importance of the design of retirement plans and financial innovations like TDFs for investors and asset markets," said the authors.



# 2024 panel of distinguished judges

Scott Cederburg The University of Arizona

Jonathan Reuter Boston College

Sita Nataraj Slavov George Mason University

Carly Urban Montana State University

Stijn Van Nieuwerburgh Columbia University

## **Previous winners**

#### 2023

Mark Egan, Harvard Business School and NBER; Shan Ge, Stern School of Business, New York University; Johnny Tang, Cornell SC Johnson College of Business, "Conflicting Interests and the Effect of Fiduciary Duty: Evidence from Variable Annuities" (*The Review of Financial Studies*, 2022)

#### 2022

Adam Leive, University of California, Berkeley, "Health Insurance Design Meets Saving Incentives: Consumer Responses to Complex Contracts" (*American Economic Journal: Applied Economics*, 2022)

#### 2021

Peter Ganong, The University of Chicago; Pascal Noel, The University of Chicago, "Liquidity versus Wealth in Household Debt Obligations: Evidence from Housing Policy in the Great Recession" (*American Economic Review*, 2020)

#### 2020

Ralph S.J. Koijen, The University of Chicago; Stijn G. Van Nieuwerburgh, Columbia University, "Combining Life and Health Insurance" (*The Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 2020)

#### 2019

Lee M. Lockwood, University of Virginia, "Incidental Bequests and the Choice to Self-Insure Late-Life Risks" (*American Economic Review*, 2018)

#### 2018

David C. Brown, University of Arizona; Scott Cederburg, University of Arizona; Michael S. O'Doherty, University of Missouri, "Tax Uncertainty and Retirement Savings Diversification" (*Journal of Financial Economics*, 2017)

#### 2017

John Beshears, Harvard University and NBER; James J. Choi, Yale University and NBER; David I. Laibson, Harvard University and NBER; Brigitte C. Madrian, Harvard University and NBER, "Does Aggregated Returns Disclosure Increase Portfolio Risk Taking?" (*The Review of Financial Studies*, 2017)

#### 2016

Felix Reichling, Congressional Budget Office; Kent Smetters, The Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania, "Optimal Annuitization with Stochastic Mortality and Correlated Medical Costs" (*The American Economic Review*, 2015)

#### 2015

Raj Chetty, Stanford University and NBER; John N. Friedman, Brown University and NBER; Søren Leth-Petersen, University of Copenhagen and CEPR; Torben Heien Nielsen, University of Copenhagen; Tore Olsen, University of Copenhagen and NBER, "Active vs. Passive Decisions and Crowd-Out in Retirement Savings Accounts: Evidence from Denmark" (*Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 2014)

#### 2014

C. Eugene Steuerle, Richard B. Fisher Chair, Urban Institute, *Dead Men Ruling: How to Restore Fiscal Freedom and Rescue Our Future* (The Century Foundation Press, 2014)

#### 2013

John Chalmers, University of Oregon; Jonathan Reuter, Carroll School of Management, Boston College, "How Do Retirees Value Life Annuities? Evidence from Public Employees" (*Review of Financial Studies*, 2012)

#### 2012

Sylvester J. Schieber, Former Chair, Social Security Advisory Board, The Predictable Surprise: The Unraveling of the U.S. Retirement System (Oxford University Press, 2012)

#### 2011

James J. Choi, Yale School of Management; David I. Laibson, Harvard University, Department of Economics; Brigitte C. Madrian, Harvard University, John F. Kennedy School of Government, "Why Does the Law of One Price Fail? An Experiment on Index Mutual Funds" (*Review of Financial Studies*, 2010)

#### 2010

Carmen M. Reinhart, Peterson Institute for International Economics, Washington, D.C.; Kenneth S. Rogoff, Harvard University, *This Time is Different—Eight Centuries of Financial Folly* (Princeton University Press, 2009)

#### 2009

George A. Akerlof, University of California, Berkeley; Robert J. Shiller, Yale University, Animal Spirits: How Human Psychology Drives the Economy, and Why It Matters for Global Capitalism (Princeton University Press, 2009)

#### 2008

Jeffrey R. Brown, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign; Amy Finkelstein, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, "The Interaction of Public and Private Insurance: Medicaid and the Long-Term Care Insurance Market" (*American Economic Review*, 2008)

#### 2007

John Karl Scholz, University of Wisconsin–Madison; Ananth Seshadri, University of Wisconsin–Madison; Surachai Khitatrakun, The Urban Institute, "Are Americans Saving 'Optimally' for Retirement?" (*Journal of Political Economy*, 2006)

#### 2006

Mark Aguiar, University of Rochester; Erik Hurst, University of Chicago, Graduate School of Business, "Consumption versus Expenditure" (*Journal of Political Economy*, 2005)

#### 2005

Shlomo Benartzi, University of California, Los Angeles; Richard H. Thaler, University of Chicago, "Save More Tomorrow: Using Behavioral Economics to Increase Employee Saving" (*Journal of Political Economy*, 2004)

Jonathan B. Berk, University of California, Berkeley; Richard C. Green, Carnegie Mellon University, "Mutual Fund Flows and Performance in Rational Markets" (*Journal of Political Economy*, 2004)

#### 2004

Chester Spatt, Carnegie Mellon University; Robert Dammon, Carnegie Mellon University; Harold Zhang, University of Texas at Dallas, "Optimal Asset Location and Allocation with Taxable and Tax-deferred Investments" (*Journal of Finance*, 2004)

#### 2003

Peter A. Diamond, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, *Taxation, Incomplete Markets, and Social Security* (Brookings Institution Press, 2002)

#### 2002

John Y. Campbell, Harvard University; Luis M. Viceira, Harvard University, *Strategic Asset Allocation: Portfolio Choice for Long-term Investors* (Oxford University Press, 2002)

Brigitte C. Madrian, University of Pennsylvania; Dennis F. Shea, Aetna, Inc., "The Power of Suggestion: Inertia in 401(k) Participation and Savings Behavior" (*The Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 2001)

#### 2001

John Cochrane, University of Chicago, Asset Pricing (Princeton University Press, 2001)

Christian Gollier, University of Toulouse, *The Economics of Risk and Time* (The MIT Press, 2001)

#### 2000

Nicholas Barberis, University of Chicago, "Investing for the Long Run When Returns Are Predictable" (*Journal of Finance*, 2000)

#### 1999

John Geanakoplos, Yale University; Olivia S. Mitchell, University of Pennsylvania; Stephen P. Zeldes, Columbia University, *Prospects for Social Security Reform* (University of Pennsylvania Press, 1999)

#### 1998

Dora L. Costa, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, *The Evolution of Retirement: An American Economic History* 1880—1890 (University of Chicago Press, 1998)

#### 1997

John Y. Campbell, Harvard University; Andrew W. Lo, Massachusetts Institute of Technology; A. Craig MacKinlay, University of Pennsylvania, *The Econometrics of Financial Markets* (Princeton University Press, 1996)

#### 1996

Robert J. Shiller, Yale University, *Macro Markets: Creating Institutions for Managing Society's Largest Risks* (Oxford University Press, 1993)

To learn more about the award, visit **tiaainstitute.org**.

### **About TIAA**

TIAA is a leading provider of secure retirements and outcome-focused investment solutions to millions of people and thousands of institutions. It is the #1 not-for-profit retirement market provider<sup>1</sup>, shared \$5.1 billion with participants in 2023, on top of the stated guarantees, and has \$1.3 trillion in assets under management (as of  $6/30/2024)^2$ .

# **TIAA** Institute

- As of July 21, 2022. Based on data in PLANSPONSOR's 403(b) 2022 DC Recordkeeping Survey, combined 457 and 403(b) data.
- As of June 30, 2024 assets under management across Nuveen Investments affiliates and TIAA investment management teams are \$1,349 billion.

TIAA Institute is a division of Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America (TIAA), New York, NY. ©2024 Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America-College Retirement Equities Fund, New York, NY